

Let $\Sigma \subset \mathcal{C}$ be a dg subcat. with objects $P(A)$.
From assumption, know $\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{\text{q.e.}} P(\Sigma)$.

$$A \xrightarrow{F} H_0(\Sigma) \xleftarrow{\text{q.e.}} \mathcal{E} \xrightarrow{\epsilon} \Sigma$$

↑
because $\text{Ext}^{\leq 0} = 0$ assumption.

$$\Rightarrow \text{q.funct. } P(A) \rightarrow P(\Sigma)$$

Rmk 1: Probably true for K -general ring (need not be field)

Rmk 2: Cannot apply to "periodic categories" because $\text{Ext}^{\leq 0} \neq 0$.

Problem $T \xrightarrow{F} T'$

$$\mathcal{E} \xrightarrow{?F'} \mathcal{E}'$$

does a lift exist?

Orlou

Part II

Enhancement of Δ 'ed cat.

Σ - A cat. (B, Σ) , B is dg cat (pre- Δ)
 $\Sigma: H_0(B) \cong \Sigma$

Defn: T has unique enhancement if $(B, \Sigma), (B', \Sigma')$ are 2
enhancements of T , $\exists F: B \rightarrow B'$, a quasi-functor.
 $H_0(F): H_0(B) \xrightarrow{\sim} H_0(B')$

Defn: T has a strongly unique enhancement if \exists

$F: B \rightarrow B'$ quasi-f.

$$H_0(B) \xrightarrow{H_0(F)} H_0(B')$$

$$\begin{matrix} \Sigma & \xrightarrow{?} & \Sigma' \\ \downarrow \epsilon & & \downarrow \epsilon' \\ T & & T' \end{matrix}$$

semi-strong uniqueness: for any object $X \in B$,
 $\epsilon(X) \cong \epsilon' \circ H_0(F)(X)$

$$(\Rightarrow \underline{\text{Hom}}_B(X, X) \cong \underline{\text{Hom}}_{B'}(X, X))$$

A - small cat

$$D(A) = D(\text{Mod-}A)$$

$\text{Mod-}A$ = dg modules

$\text{Mod-}A$ = modules

$$L \subset D(A) = H_0(P(A)) \cong H_0(SF(A))$$

localising subcat.

$D(A) \xrightarrow{\pi} \text{Bousfield loc. (3 right adjoint functor)}$

$$H_0(P(A)/_L) = D(A)/_L$$

Drinfeld quotient

$\mathcal{A} \hookrightarrow D(\mathcal{A})$ Yoneda.

Thm: Let $\mathcal{A}, L \subset D(\mathcal{A})$ be as above. Assume

- a) $\pi(Y)$ - compact in $D(\mathcal{A})_L$
- b) $Y, Z \in \mathcal{A}$, $\text{Hom}(\pi(Y), \pi(Z)[i]) = 0 \quad \forall i < 0$.

Let \mathcal{E} be a dg cat. Let $F: D(\mathcal{A})_L \rightarrow H_0(\mathcal{E})$ be a fully faithful functor.

Then \exists a quasi-functor $F: P(\mathcal{A})_L \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ s.t.

1) $H^0(F): D(\mathcal{A})_L \rightarrow H_0(\mathcal{E})$ is also f.f. funct.

2) $H^0(F)(x) \cong F(x) \quad \forall x \in D(\mathcal{A})_L$.

\downarrow
Semistrong uniqueness for $D(\mathcal{A})_L$.

Thm: Let $\mathcal{A}, L \subset D(\mathcal{A})$ be as above. L is generated

by $L \cap D(\mathcal{A})^c$. Assume

$$\text{Hom}(\pi(Y), \pi(Z)[i]) = 0 \quad i < 0.$$

$$\text{Let } \mathcal{V} \subset P(\mathcal{A})_L \quad H_0(\mathcal{V}) = (D(\mathcal{A})_L)^c$$

Let \mathcal{E} be a dg cat, $N: (D(\mathcal{A})_L)^c \rightarrow H_0(\mathcal{E})$

1) $H_0(N): (D(\mathcal{A})_L)^c \rightarrow H_0(\mathcal{E})$ is also f.f. functor

2) $H_0(N)(x) \cong N(x)$

3) $\exists \cup H_0(N) \amalg h \cong N \circ \pi_h$

Geometric applications

$X = \text{quasi-proj. scheme} \quad X \subset \bar{X} \subset \mathbb{P}^n$

$$\mathcal{A} = \left\{ \mathcal{O}_{\bar{X}}(i) \right\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} \subset \text{coh } \bar{X} \quad A = \bigoplus_{i=0}^{\infty} H^0(\bar{X}, \mathcal{O}(i))$$

$$Q\text{coh } \bar{X} = \frac{\text{Gr}(A)}{\text{Torsion}(A)} \quad (\text{Mod } \mathcal{A} = \text{Gr } A)$$

$$Q\text{coh } X = \frac{\text{Gr}(A)}{\text{Gr}_I(A)} \quad I = \text{ideal}$$

$$= \text{Mod } \mathcal{A}/\mathcal{N}$$

$D(Q\text{coh } X) = D(\mathcal{A})_L$ complexes, cohomology of which lies in \mathcal{N} .

Thm: For any quasi-projective scheme $D(Q\text{coh } X)$ has a unique enhancement (semi-strong).

Thm: For any quasi-proj. scheme $\text{Perf } X = D(Q\text{coh } X)$ also has a unique enhancement.

Let \mathcal{C} be a Grothendieck category (abelian cat Ab5 set of generators)

Thm: Let \mathcal{C} be a Groth. cat. Assume it has a set of small generators s.t. they are compact objects in $D(\mathcal{C})$. Then $D(\mathcal{C})$ has a unique enhancement (semi-strong).

Cor: Let X be a quasi-compact, separated scheme. X has enough locally free sheaves of finite type.

Then $D(\mathrm{Qcoh} X)$ has a unique enhancement (semistrong).

NB. "enough loc-free sheaves of finite type" \Leftrightarrow $\forall F$ finitely presented coh sheaf, we have

$$\mathcal{E} \longrightarrow F$$

vector bundle.

X -quasi-proj scheme

$$\mathrm{Perf} X \subset D^b(\mathrm{coh} X) \subset D(\mathrm{Qcoh} X)$$

$$D(\mathrm{Qcoh} X)^c$$

Thm: Let X be a quasi-projective scheme. Then $D^b(\mathrm{coh} X)$ has a unique enhancement.

$\mathrm{Perf} X, D^b(\mathrm{coh} X)$ has ... strong uniqueness.

Defn: Let \mathcal{A} be an abelian cat. Let $\{P_i\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$ be a sequence in \mathcal{A} . We say $\{P_i\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$ is ample if for any $C \in \mathcal{A}$, $\exists N$ st. for all $i < N$

a) $\exists P_i^{\oplus n_i} \rightarrow C$

b) $\mathrm{Ext}^j(P_i, C) = 0 \quad \forall j \neq 0$

c) $\mathrm{Hom}(C, P_i) = 0$.

Prop: Let $X \subset \mathbb{P}^N$ be a proj. scheme without embedding point (i.e. torsion subsheaf $T(\mathcal{O}_X) \subset \mathcal{O}_X$ with zero support $T_0(\mathcal{O}_X)$ require $T_0(\mathcal{O}_X) = 0$).

Then $\{P_i(i)\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$ is ample in $\mathrm{coh} X$.

$$\mathrm{Loc} X \subset \mathrm{coh} X \quad D^b(\mathrm{Loc} X) = \mathrm{Perf} X$$

\downarrow
loc-free

Prop: Let \mathcal{E} be an exact cat with ample sequence $\{P_i\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$.
Let $F: D^b(\mathcal{E}) \xrightarrow{\sim} D^b(\mathcal{E}')$, $P \subset D^b(\mathcal{E})$

Assume there is an iso. of functors
 $G_p: j \cong F \circ j \quad P \rightarrow D^b(\mathcal{E})$

$$\Rightarrow \mathrm{id} \cong F \text{ on } D^b(\mathcal{E}).$$

Thm: Let \mathcal{E} be an exact cat. with ample sequence $\{P_i\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$.
 $P \subset \mathcal{E}$ s.t. $P = \{P_i\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$. Assume

$$D^b(\mathcal{E}) \xrightarrow{\sim} (D(P)/_L)^c \quad \text{with } L = \text{localising subcat generated by compact } L \cap D(P)^c$$

Then $D^b(\mathcal{E})$ has a strongly unique enhancement.

Thm: Let X be a proj. scheme, $T_0(\mathcal{O}_X) = 0$. Then $\mathrm{Perf} X, D^b(\mathrm{coh} X)$ have strongly unique enhancement.

Thm (Toën): Let X, Y be quasi-compact separated schemes.

$$D_d(Qcoh(X \times Y)) \xrightarrow{\sim} D_{\text{Hom}}(D_{dg}(Qcoh X), D_{dg}(Qcoh Y))$$

↑ to preserve direct sums.

$$\mathcal{E} \in D(Qcoh(X \times Y))$$

$$P_{\mathcal{E}} : D(Qcoh X) \rightarrow D(Qcoh Y)$$

$$P_{\mathcal{E}} : R_{p_2*}(p_1^*(-) \otimes \mathcal{E}).$$

Cor: Let X be a quasi-pr. scheme, Y quasi-comp. & sep.

Let $K : \text{Perf } X \rightarrow D(Qcoh Y)$ fully faithful.

Then there is an object $\mathcal{E} \in D(Qcoh(X \times Y))$ s.t.

1) $P_{\mathcal{E}}|_{\text{Perf } X} : \text{Perf } X \rightarrow D(Qcoh Y)$ is also fully faithful
and $P_{\mathcal{E}}(p') \cong K(p')$ for all $p' \in \text{Perf } X$.

2) if X projective, $T_0(\mathcal{O}_X) = 0 \Rightarrow P_{\mathcal{E}}|_{\text{Perf } X} \cong K$

3) If K sends $\text{Perf}(X)$ to $\text{Perf}(Y)$ then

$P_{\mathcal{E}} : D(Qcoh X) \rightarrow D(Qcoh Y)$ is also fully faithful.

Kontsevich

Singular Lagrangian Submanifolds

$$L \subset (X, \omega)$$

(expand Fuk cat - cf. Coh is bigger than vec field on holom submfld)

$$U \supset L$$

\mathcal{E} -nbhd = exact sympl. mfd

= Liouville domain

\exists vec field \mathfrak{Z}

$$L_{\mathfrak{Z}} w = w$$

$$\Leftrightarrow w = d(i_{\mathfrak{Z}} w)$$

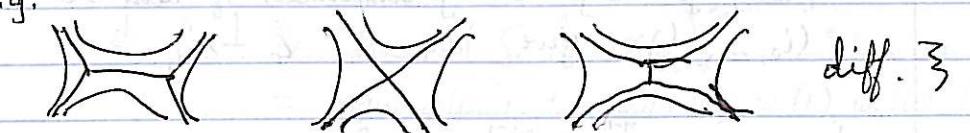
\mathfrak{Z} outwards at ∂U

look at flow of \mathfrak{Z} - everything that doesn't escape is our sing. lag. (should have same homotopy type as U)

(if there is such a nbhd, our sing. lag is 'good').

Choice of vector field = some sort of transformation,

e.g.



diff. \mathfrak{Z}

On L (with good stratification)

\exists natural cosheaf in homotopy of finite type
in $dga/2$

$$\phi_L$$